"It's all over now," said Lee Harvey Oswald softly.

He had just fired a single shot from an assault rifle in Dallas' Oak Cliff suburb, where police say he shot a policeman and was now subdued as the dead policeman's partner brought him to headquarters for questioning in the rifle slaying of the President.

Less than three hours later the 24-year-old ex-Marine was jailed as the "prime suspect" in the assassination.

The theater is four miles from where President Kennedy was shot at Houston and Elm Sts.

Police got a call that a man answering the description of the suspected assassin had entered the Texas Theater. Patrolman J. D. Tippit and M. N. McDonald followed. An usher told them the shabbily-dressed man had run into the theater a short time before. They spotted the slim balding, 5-foot, nine-inch man crouched near a red-lighted exit door. They yelled.

Patrolman Tippit fired once. Oswald fired once and Patrolman Tippit fell dead. Patrolman McDonald then rushed Oswald and they struggled. Oswald was subdued. Patrolman McDonald was slashed several times across the face with a gun butt in the struggle, he said.

As Patrolman McDonald led the red-shirted suspect from the theater, a crowd of several hundred people milled about the entrance.

Rumor had spread that President Kennedy's killer was in the movie theater. To the people outside, Oswald was Kennedy's killer. They milled about threateningly as other police were called to hold them back.

The suspect was rushed by squad car to headquarters.

Dallas Police Capt. Patrick Gannaway said late yesterday that the man Oswald has worked for the Texas Textbook Depository at Elm and Main Sts. for about a month.

It was from the firm's sixth floor offices that the shots which killed the President are thought to have come.

Capt. Gannaway said a Mauser rifle was found on a fifth floor landing of the building, which overlooks Elm and Houston and is a scant one hundred feet from where the President was shot.

Ochs V. Campbell, vice-president of the textbook firm, said Oswald's duties were to fill orders and wrap books, and that the sixth floor of the 5-story building would have been easily accessible to Oswald.

Mr. Campbell said, "Shortly after the shooting we raced back into the building. We had been outside watching the parade. We saw him (Oswald) in a small storage room on the ground floor. Then we noticed he was gone."

Mr. Campbell added, "Of course Oswald and the others were on their lunch hour, but he did not have permission to leave the building and we haven't seen him since."

Dallas police said Oswald was a chairman of a local "Fair Play for Cuba Committee."

He had come home, they said, from more than three years in the Soviet Union sometime between late fall last year, when he, his Russian wife and their child were granted exit permits, and this year. Police could not immediately find for wherabouts for the last year.

He went to work at the textbook depository about 30 days ago.

His fellow employees speak of him as being "shabby" most of the time. They described his rather limp "red" or "brown" shirt and his rumpled trousers.

Information about Oswald's wife and child was not available, police said.

It was in Moscow on Oct. 31, two and a half weeks after he went there as a tourist, that Oswald said he wanted to become a Soviet citizen "purely for political reasons." He told reporters, "I will never return to the United States."

He said that he could not give his reasons "until after I receive my draft card."

He apparently had flown to the Russian capital Oct. 15 from Fort Worth, and the next day wrote to the Supreme Soviet asking for Soviet citizenship.

He told reporters he would not discuss his application because "I am afraid what I say may be distorted by the newspapers." He said at that time that the Russian authorities "might not want me to say anything." Embassy officials in Moscow said that he had recently been released from the U.S. Marine Corps and did not have a job.

As he walked away from the American Embassy in Moscow, he said "I'm Through." "I'm Through."

A year later Oswald was reported working in Russia, but there had been no word from him.

Later he was quoted as saying, "I saw my mother as a worker, always with less than we could use," but he said his childhood was happy. He said he thought his mother would not understand why he fled to Russia.

His mother was identified as Mrs. Marguerite Oswald, a widow. Her address in 1959 was 4006 Bristol Rd. Fort Worth, Tex.

He returned to Fort Worth from Russia last year. He said he spent his time in the Soviet Union working in a factory in Minsk, and left only after he became disillusioned with life under Communist rule, he said.

His change of heart came in the fall of 1962, he said, and he applied for a passport with his Russian wife and their child.

The passport was issued and the Soviet Union granted exit permits for the Oswald family.

He became a wrapper and handyman at the Texas Textbook Depository.

Police said Oswald has a brother, R. L. Oswald, living at 7313 Davenport in Fort Worth. It was his sister-in-law, Mrs. R. L. Oswald, who said in 1959, "I always thought he was an average guy but I sure don't now." Mrs. Oswald was unable to reach yesterday.

New York police said they have no record of Oswald in any crimes here.

According to Carlos Bringuier of the Cuban Student Directory in New Orleans, Oswald was in New Orleans two months ago as the chairman of a pro-Castro "Fair Play for Cuba Committee."

Oswald and several Cubans were allegedly arrested two months ago in New Orleans for passing out pro-Communist literature.

When Oswald was in Moscow in 1959 he said it was "like getting out of prison" when he left America to seek Soviet citizenship. He was denied Soviet citizenship, but he is reported to have said that he would like to go to Cuba to join Fidel Castro.

Edward Scafell Butler III, of the Information Council of the Americas, said he once debated communism with Oswald. He did not say when or where.

A photograph in the New York offices of United Press International shows Oswald in a Moscow Hotel room on Nov. 14, 1959. He has a crew cut and looks every inch the Marine he was for three years.

The Fort Worth Star Telegram says Oswald was reported "home from Russia June 8, 1963. The next day he was put aboard the boat with his wife and child.

No information on when he arrived has been released yet.

But Lee Harvey Oswald came home to Dallas, to pack textbooks.

Yesterday his brownish-colored jacket was found in a parking lot near the theater where he is accused of shooting Patrolman Tippit. The crowd left the movie theater. But the marquee lights were still on.

The program: "Cry Battle" and "War Is Hell."